



# FKHRL1 (Phospho Ser644) Rabbit pAb

<b>Catalog No</b>	YP-Ab-17152
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human, Mouse
<b>Applications</b>	IHC, WB
<b>Gene Name</b>	FOXO3 FKHRL1 FOXO3A
<b>Protein Name</b>	Forkhead box protein O3 (AF6q21 protein) (Forkhead in rhabdomyosarcoma-like 1)
<b>Immunogen</b>	Synthesized peptide derived from human FKHRL1 (Phospho Ser644)
<b>Specificity</b>	This antibody detects endogenous levels of FKHRL1 (Phospho Ser644) Rabbit pAb at Human, Mouse
<b>Formulation</b>	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide.
<b>Source</b>	Rabbit, polyclonal
<b>Purification</b>	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit serum by affinity-chromatography using specific immunogen.
<b>Dilution</b>	WB 1:500-2000 IHC 1:50-200
<b>Concentration</b>	1 mg/ml
<b>Purity</b>	≥90%
<b>Storage Stability</b>	-20°C/1 year
<b>Synonyms</b>	Forkhead box protein O3 (AF6q21 protein) (Forkhead in rhabdomyosarcoma-like 1)
<b>Observed Band</b>	71kD
<b>Cell Pathway</b>	Cytoplasm, cytosol . Nucleus . Mitochondrion matrix . Mitochondrion outer membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein ; Cytoplasmic side . Retention in the cytoplasm contributes to its inactivation (PubMed:10102273, PubMed:15084260, PubMed:16751106). Translocates to the nucleus upon oxidative stress and in the absence of survival factors (PubMed:10102273, PubMed:16751106). Translocates from the cytosol to the nucleus following dephosphorylation in response to autophagy-inducing stimuli (By similarity). Translocates in a AMPK-dependent manner into the mitochondrion in response to metabolic stress (PubMed:23283301, PubMed:29445193). Serum deprivation increases localization to the nucleus, leading to activate expression of SOX9 and subsequent chondrogenesis (By similarity). .
<b>Tissue Specificity</b>	Ubiquitous.
<b>Function</b>	disease:A chromosomal aberration involving FOXO3 is found in secondary acute leukemias. Translocation t(6;11)(q21;q23) with MLL/HRX.,function:Transcriptional activator which triggers apoptosis in the absence of survival factors, including neuronal cell death upon oxidative stress. Recognizes and binds to the DNA sequence 5'-[AG]TAAA[TC]A-3'.,PTM:In the presence of survival factors such as



IGF-1, phosphorylated on Thr-32 and Ser-253 by AKT1/PKB. This phosphorylated form then interacts with 14-3-3 proteins and is retained in the cytoplasm. Survival factor withdrawal induces dephosphorylation and promotes translocation to the nucleus where the dephosphorylated protein induces transcription of target genes and triggers apoptosis. Although AKT1/PKB doesn't appear to phosphorylate Ser-315 directly, it may activate other kinases that trigger phosphorylation at this residue. Phosphorylated by ST

**Background**

forkhead box O3(FOXO3) Homo sapiens This gene belongs to the forkhead family of transcription factors which are characterized by a distinct forkhead domain. This gene likely functions as a trigger for apoptosis through expression of genes necessary for cell death. Translocation of this gene with the MLL gene is associated with secondary acute leukemia. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding the same protein have been observed. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

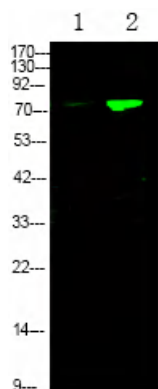
**matters needing attention**

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

**Usage suggestions**

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

**Products Images**



Western Blot analysis of 1 HeLa cell, 2 LPS 100ng/mL 30min treated ,using primary antibody at 1:1000 dilution. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS23920) was diluted at 1:10000